

ADDENDUM

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OFFICE OF THE UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

2000 DEFENSE PENTAGON
WASHINGTON, DC 20301-2000



POLICY

JUL 14 2009

The Honorable Carl Levin
U.S. Senate
228 Russell Senate Office Building
Washington, D.C. 20510

Dear Chairman Levin:

(U) Please find enclosed a copy of the policy guidance that the Deputy Secretary of Defense approved on July 2, 2009, modifying the procedures for reviewing the status of aliens detained by the Department of Defense at the Bagram Theater Internment Facility (BTIF) in Afghanistan, and related policy guidance regarding the criteria for assessing the threat such aliens represent, and regarding the authority to transfer and release such aliens from the BTIF. The enhanced detainee review procedures significantly improve the Department of Defense's ability to assess whether the facts support the detention of each detainee as an unprivileged enemy belligerent, the level of threat the detainee represents, and the detainee's potential for rehabilitation and reconciliation. The modified procedures also enhance the detainee's ability to challenge his or her detention.

(U) The modified procedures adopt the definitional framework of detention authority that the Administration first published in a Guantanamo habeas filing on March 13, 2009. Under this framework, the Department of Defense has the authority to detain "[p]ersons who planned, authorized, committed, or aided the terrorist attacks that occurred on September 11, 2001, and persons who harbored those responsible for those attacks." The Department of Defense also has the authority to detain "[p]ersons who were part of, or substantially supported, Taliban or al-Qaida forces or associated forces that are engaged in hostilities against the United States or its coalition partners, including any person who has committed a belligerent act, or has directly supported hostilities, in aid of such enemy armed forces."

(U) In addition to assessing whether the facts support the detention of each detainee as an unprivileged enemy belligerent under this framework, the modified procedures require detainee review boards to consider each detainee's threat level and potential for rehabilitation and reconciliation. Moreover, these threat assessments will no longer be linked to the criteria for transferring the detainee to Guantanamo.

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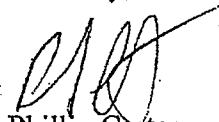
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(U) The modified procedures generally follow the procedures prescribed in Army Regulation (AR) 190-8, such as that the proceedings generally shall be open (with certain exceptions including for matters that would compromise national or operational security), including to representatives of the ICRC and possibly non-governmental organizations. Detainees will be allowed to attend all open sessions and call reasonably available witnesses.

(U) Key supplemental procedures not found in AR 190-8 that enhance the detainee's ability to challenge his or her detention include appointment of a personal representative who "shall act in the best interests of the detainee"; whose "good faith efforts on behalf of the detainee shall not adversely affect his or her status as a military officer (e.g., evaluations, promotions, future assignments)"; and who has access to all reasonably available information (including classified information) relevant to the proceedings. The end result is a process that approximates the process used to screen American citizens captured in Iraq.

(U) The Department of Defense submits this report on its modification of the procedures for reviewing the status of aliens detained by the Department of Defense at the BTIF in conformity with Section 1405(c) of the Detainee Treatment Act of 2005, Public Law Number 109-163, Title XIV. The modification will not go into effect until at least 60 days from the date of this report. In the meantime, it would be my pleasure to discuss the modified detainee review procedures with Members of the Committee or Committee Staff, at your convenience.

Sincerely,



Phillip Carter
Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense
for Detainee Policy

Enclosures: As stated.

Cc: The Honorable John McCain

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**Detainee Review Procedures at Bagram Theater Internment
Facility (BTIF), Afghanistan (U)**

Authority to Detain and Intern (U)

(U) U.S. Forces operating under Operation Enduring Freedom (OEF) authority are authorized to detain persons temporarily, consistent with the laws and customs of war (e.g., in self-defense or for force protection). Additionally, OEF forces are authorized to detain, and to intern at the Bagram Theater Internment Facility (BTIF), persons who meet the following criteria:

- (U) Persons who planned, authorized, committed, or aided the terrorist attacks that occurred on September 11, 2001, and persons who harbored those responsible for those attacks;
- (U) Persons who were part of, or substantially supported, Taliban or al-Qaida forces or associated forces that are engaged in hostilities against the United States or its coalition partners, including any person who has committed a belligerent act, or has directly supported hostilities, in aid of such enemy armed forces.

(U) Internment must be linked to a determination that the person detained meets the criteria detailed above and that internment is necessary to mitigate the threat the detainee poses, taking into account an assessment of the detainee's potential for rehabilitation, reconciliation, and eventual reintegration into society. If, at any point during the detainee review process, a person detained by OEF forces is determined not to meet the criteria detailed above or no longer to require internment to mitigate their threat, the person shall be released from DOD custody as soon as practicable. The fact that a detainee may have intelligence value, by itself, is not a basis for internment.

Capturing Unit Review (U)

(U) Commander, USCENTCOM, shall ensure that OEF detainee review procedures include a review by the capturing unit commander, with the advice of a judge advocate, to assess whether persons detained by the unit meet the criteria for detention. This review shall occur prior to requesting a detainee's transfer to the BTIF for internment, and normally within 72 hours of the detainee's capture.

Transfer Request (U)

(U) Commander, USCENTCOM, shall ensure that OEF detainee review procedures include a request, by the capturing unit commander, to transfer to the BTIF those detainees the capturing unit commander assesses may meet the criteria for internment. The capturing unit commander shall forward the transfer request to the BTIF commander for review.

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Review of Transfer Request (U)

(U) Commander, USCENTCOM, shall further ensure that OEF detainee review procedures include a review by the BTIF commander, with the advice of a judge advocate, to assess whether detainees whose transfer to the BTIF the capturing unit commander has requested meet the criteria for internment. This review shall occur prior to approving a request to transfer a detainee to the BTIF for internment, and normally within 14 days of the detainee's capture.

Initial Detainee Notification (U)

(U) Commander, USCENTCOM, shall ensure that detainees receive timely notice of the basis for their internment, including an unclassified summary of the specific facts that support the basis for their internment. Commander, USCENTCOM shall further ensure that detainees also receive a timely and adequate explanation of the detainee review procedures, including, at a minimum: the fact that the detainee will have an opportunity to present information and evidence to a board of officers convened to determine whether the detainee meets the criteria for internment; the projected dates of the detainee's initial and periodic review boards; and the fact that a personal representative will be appointed to assist the detainee before the review boards. Detainees shall receive such notice and explanation, in writing and orally in a language the detainee understands, within 14 days after the detainee's transfer to the BTIF whenever feasible.

Detainee Review Boards (U)

(U) Commander, USCENTCOM shall ensure that a board of officers reviews all reasonably available information to determine whether each person transferred to the BTIF meets the criteria for internment and, if so, whether the person's continued internment is necessary. These reviews shall occur within 60 days after the detainee's transfer to the BTIF and at least every six months thereafter.

(U) Commander, USCENTCOM shall designate a flag or general officer to serve as the convening authority for review boards.

(U) Review boards shall be composed of three field-grade officers authorized access to all reasonably available information (including classified information) relevant to the determinations of whether the detainee meets the criteria for internment and whether the detainee's continued internment is necessary. In order to ensure the neutrality of the review board, the convening authority shall ensure that none of its members was directly involved in the detainee's capture or transfer to the BTIF. The senior officer shall serve as the president of the review board. Another, non-voting officer shall serve as the recorder for the board proceedings.

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(U) The convening authority shall ensure that a judge advocate is available to advise the review board on legal and procedural matters.

(U) Review boards shall follow the procedures prescribed by AR 190-8, paragraph 1-6.e., as supplemented below:

- (U) The convening authority shall ensure that a personal representative, as described below, is appointed to assist each detainee before the review board.
- (U) Prior to each review board, appropriate U.S. military personnel shall conduct a reasonable investigation into any exculpatory information the detainee offers.
- (U) Review board proceedings shall follow a written procedural script in order to provide the detainee a meaningful opportunity to understand and participate in the proceedings (e.g., similar to the script used in Multi-National Force Review Committee proceedings in Iraq).
- (U) Members of the review board and the recorder shall be sworn. The recorder shall be sworn first by the president of the review board. The recorder will then administer the oath to all voting members of the review board, including the president.
- (U) A written record shall be made of the proceedings.
- (U) Proceedings shall be open except for deliberations and voting by the members and testimony or other matters that would compromise national or operational security if held in the open.
- (U) The detainee shall be advised of the purpose of the hearing, his or her opportunity to present information, and the consequences of the board's decision, at the beginning of the review board proceedings.
- (U) The detainee shall be allowed to attend all open sessions, subject to operational concerns, and will be provided with an interpreter if necessary.
- (U) The detainee shall be allowed to call witnesses if reasonably available and considered by the Board to have relevant testimony to offer, and to question those witnesses called by the review board, subject to any operational or national security concerns. Relevant witnesses serving with U.S. Forces shall not be considered reasonably available if, as determined by their commanders, their presence at the review board would affect combat or support operations. In these cases, written statements, preferably sworn, may be substituted and considered by the review board.

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The president of the review board shall determine whether witnesses not serving with U.S. Forces are reasonably available. At the discretion of the president of the review board, such relevant witnesses may testify by means of video teleconference, teleconference, or sworn written statement, if it would not be feasible for the witness to testify in person.

- (U) The detainee shall be allowed to testify or otherwise address the review board.
- (U) The detainee may not be compelled to testify before the review board.
- (U) The detainee shall be allowed to present reasonably available documentary information relevant to the determination of whether the detainee meets the criteria for internment and/or whether the detainee's continued internment is necessary.
- (U) Following the hearing of testimony and the review of documents and other information, the review board shall determine whether the detainee meets the criteria for internment, as defined above. The review board shall make this determination in closed session by majority vote. Preponderance of the evidence shall be the standard used in reaching the determination.
- (U) If the review board determines that the detainee does not meet the criteria for internment, the detainee shall be released from DoD custody as soon as practicable. If the review board determines that the detainee does meet the criteria for internment, the review board shall recommend an appropriate disposition to the convening authority. The review board shall make this recommendation in closed session by majority vote. Possible recommendations are as follows:
 - (U) Continued internment at the BTIF. Such a recommendation must include a determination not only that the detainee meets the criteria for internment, but also that continued internment is necessary to mitigate the threat the detainee poses.
 - (U) Transfer to Afghan authorities for criminal prosecution.
 - (U) Transfer to Afghan authorities for participation in a reconciliation program.
 - (U) Release without conditions.
 - (U) In the case of a non-Afghan and non-U.S. third-country national, possible recommendations may also include transfer to a third country for criminal prosecution, participation in a reconciliation program, or release.

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- (U) The review board's recommendations regarding disposition shall include an explanation of the board's assessment of the level of threat the detainee poses and the detainee's potential for rehabilitation, reconciliation, and eventual reintegration into society.
 - (U) In assessing threat, the review board shall further assess whether the detainee is an Enduring Security Threat, as defined in separate policy guidance regarding detainee threat assessment criteria and transfer and release authority at the BTIF. "Enduring Security Threat" is not a legal category, but rather an identification of the highest threat detainees for purposes of transfer and release determinations, as discussed below.
 - (U) In assessing potential for rehabilitation, reconciliation, and eventual reintegration into society, the review board shall consider, among other things, the detainee's behavior and participation in rehabilitation and reconciliation programs while detained by OEF forces. Information relevant to the assessment of potential for rehabilitation, reconciliation, and eventual reintegration into society may not be available for purposes of the detainee's initial review, but should be considered as it becomes available.
- (U) A written report of the review board determinations and recommendations shall be completed in each case.

(U) The recorder shall prepare the record of the review board within seven working days of the announcement of the board's decision. The record will then be forwarded to the first Staff Judge Advocate in the BTIF's chain of command.

(U) The record of every review board proceeding resulting in a determination that a detainee meets the criteria for internment shall be reviewed for legal sufficiency when the record is received by the office of the Staff Judge Advocate for the convening authority.

(U) Whenever possible, detainees shall receive notice of the results of their review boards, in writing and orally in a language the detainee understands, within 7 days after completion of the legal sufficiency review.

Personal Representative (U)

(U) The personal representative shall be a commissioned officer familiar with the detainee review procedures and authorized access to all reasonably available information (including classified information) relevant to the determination of whether the detainee meets the criteria for internment and whether the detainee's continued internment is necessary.

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(U) The personal representative shall be appointed not later than 30 days prior to the detainee's review board. The detainee may waive the appointment of a personal representative, unless the detainee is under 18 years of age, suffers from a known mental illness, or is determined by the convening authority to be otherwise incapable of understanding and participating meaningfully in the review process.

(U) The personal representative shall act in the best interests of the detainee. To that end, the personal representative shall assist the detainee in gathering and presenting the information reasonably available in the light most favorable to the detainee. The personal representative's good faith efforts on behalf of the detainee shall not adversely affect his or her status as a military officer (e.g., evaluations, promotions, future assignments).

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