Interim Stat Pack for October Term 2018: March 11, 2019

Opinions By Sitting..... Circuit 3-4 Scorecard..... Merits Cases By Vote 5 Split..... Term Index..... Make-Up of Merits Docket...... **Total Opinion** Authorship..... Opinions Authored By Each Justice..... Frequency in the Majority..... 10 Justice Agreement..... 11 Pace of 12Grants..... Pace of 13 Opinions..... Oral Arguments – Advocates.... 14

Index

Summary of the Term Total Merits Opinions Released 21 + Signed opinions after oral argument + Summary reversals

17

4

Opinions By Sitting

Roberts	1		1		-		-		-			-		-	JGR	2
Thomas	1		1		1		-		-			-		-	CT	3
Ginsburg	1		1		1		1		-			-		-	RBG	4
Breyer	1		-		-		-		-			-		-	SGB	1
Alito	-		-		-		-		-			-		-	SAA	0
Sotomayor	-		1		1		-		-			-		-	SMS	2
Kagan	1		-		-		-		-			-		-	EK	1
Gorsuch	1		-		1		-					-	•		NMG	2
Kavanaugh			1				1		-					-	BMK	2
	October		Nover		Decemb		Janua	=	Februa	=		rch		pril	Decided	17
	Decided: 6 Re					emain: 6	Decided: 2 I	temain: 9	Decided: 0 F	temain: 6		Remain: 9		Remain: 13	Argued	48
	Weyerhaeuser	JGR	Schein	BMK	Apple		Merck		Return Mail		Bethune		Brunetti			
	Mt. Lemmon	RBG	Lamps Plus		Nieves		Obduskey		${\it Mission Prd.}$		Smith		Emulex			
	Gundy		Cougar Den		Nutraceutical	SMS	Herrera		Manhattan		Cochise		Parker			
	Madison	EK	Garza	SMS	Murphy		Fourth Est.	RBG	Haymond		Flowers		Kaestner Tr			
	Knick*		Frank		Timbs	RBG	Hyatt		Mont		PDR		Davis			
	New Prime	NMG	Jam	JGR	Dawson	NMG	Thacker		Am. Legion		Dutra		McDonough			
	Stokeling	CT	Sturgeon		Lorenzo		Rimini	BMK			Rucho		Food Mrkt.			
	Stitt	SGB	Va. Uranium	n	Biestek		$Home\ Dpt.$				Benisek		Fort Bend			
	Preap		Bucklew		Helsinn	CT	Allina				Kisor		Commerce			
	Air & Liquid		BNSF Railway	RBG	Gamble		Knick						Mitchell			
			Harrison				Tenn. Wine						Rehaif			
			Culbertson	CT									Quarles			
													Taggart			

^{*}After oral argument in Knick v. Township of Scott, Pennsylvania on October 3, 2018, the Supreme Court ordered new briefing and heard reargument on January 16, 2019. The total of 48 arguments counts Knick only once.

Circuit Scorecard

October T	Гегт 20 18							October 7	Րerm 2019	
	Number	Percent	Decided	Aff'd	Rev'd	Aff'd %	Rev'd %		Number	Percent
CA1	2	3%	1	1	0	100%	0%	CA1	-	-
CA2	5	7%	0	0	0	-	-	CA2	1	25%
CA3	3	4%	0	0	0	-	-	CA3	1	25%
CA4	4	5%	0	0	0	-	-	CA4	-	-
CA5	4	5%	2	0	2	0%	100%	CA5	-	-
CA6	7	9%	2	0	2	0%	100%	CA6	-	-
CA7	0	0%	-		-	-	-	CA7	-	-
CA8	4	5%	2	0	2	0%	100%	CA8	-	-
CA9	15	20%	5	1	4	20%	80%	CA9	1	25%
CA10	3	4%	0	0	0	-	-	CA10	-	-
CA11	7	9%	3	2	1	67%	33%	CA11	-	-
CA DC	3	4%	1	0	1	0%	100%	CA DC	-	-
CA Fed	5	7%	1	1	0	100%	0%	CA Fed	1	25%
State	11	14%	5	0	5	0%	100%	State	-	-
Dist. Court	3	4%	0	0	0	-	-	Dist. Court	-	-
Original	0	0%	-	-	-	-	-	Original	-	
	76	100%	22	5	17	23%	77%		4	100%

^{*} For the circuit scorecards only, we treat certain consolidated cases as separate decisions rather than as one. For consolidated cases that stemmed from different lower court decisions, such as the cases consolidated as United States v. Stitt, we counted the cases separately on this table to most accurately reflect the Supreme Court's treatment of the precedents below. For cases that were consolidated in the court below, such as the two petitions from the U.S. Court of Appeals for the 4th Circuit in The American Legion v. American Humanist Association and Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission v. AHA, we counted the Supreme Court's decision only once. Throughout the rest of the Stat Pack consolidated cases are uniformly treated as a single case.

Circuit Scorecard

This chart features affirmance and reversal rates for each circuit and each justice. The first number is the number of times a particular justice voted to affirm a decision of the court below and the second number is the number of times that justice voted to vacate or reverse the decision below.

	Roberts	Thomas	Ginsburg	Breyer	Alito	Sotomayor	Kagan	Gorsuch	Kavanaugh	Total Votes	Overall Decisions
CA1	1-0	1-0	1-0	1-0	1-0	1-0	1-0	1-0	-	8-0	1-0
CA2											
CA3											
CA4											
CA5	0-2	0-2	0-2	0-2	0-2	0-2	0-2	0-2	0-1	0-17	0-2
CA6	0-2	0-2	0-2	0-2	0-2	0-2	0-2	0-2	0-2	0-18	0-2
CA7											
CA8	0-2	1-1	0-2	0-2	0-2	0-2	0-2	1-1	0-2	2-16	0-2
CA9	1-4	1-4	1-4	1-4	1-4	1-4	1-4	1-4	0-4	8-36	1-4
CA10											
CA11	1-2	2-1	1-2	2-1	2-1	1-2	1-2	2-1	2-1	14-13	2-1
CA DC	0-1	0-1	0-1	1-0	0-1	0-1	0-1	0-1	-	1-7	0-1
CA Fed	1-0	1-0	1-0	1-0	1-0	1-0	1-0	1-0	1-0	9-0	1-0
State	0-5	3-2	0-5	0-5	3-2	0-5	0-5	3-2	0-4	9-35	0-5
Dist. Court											
Original											
	4-18	9-13	4-18	6-16	8-14	4-18	4-18	9-13	3-14	51-142	5-17

Merits Cases By Vote Split

9-0 12 (71%)	8-1 1 (6%)	7-2 1 (6%)	6-3 1 (6%)	5-4 2 (12%)
$Mt.\ Lemmon\ (8-0)$	Jam (7-1)	BNSF Railway	Garza	Stokeling
Weyerhaeuser (8-0)			Moore (PC)	Madison (5-3)
Stitt				

Weyerhaeuser (8-0)
Stitt
Emmons (PC)
Hill (PC)
Culbertson
Schein
New Prime (8-0)
Helsinn
Timbs
Dawson
Rizo (PC)
Nutraceutical
Fourth Est.
Rimini

	Past Terms												
	9-0	8-1	7-2	6-3	5-4								
OT11	45%	11%	8%	17%	20%								
OT12	49%	5%	9%	8%	29%								
OT13	66%	3%	10%	8%	14%								
OT14	41%	7%	12%	15%	26%								
OT145	48%	11%	20%	11%	5%								
OT116	59%	9%	17%	4%	10%								
OT17	39%	8%	15%	10%	26%								
Avg.	50%	8%	13%	10%	19%								

^{*} We treat cases with eight or fewer votes as if they were decided by the full court. For 8-0, 7-1, and 6-2 decisions, we simply assume that the nonparticipating justice would have joined the majority. In cases that are decided 5-3, we look at each case individually to decide whether it was more likely that the nonparticipating justice would join the majority or the dissent. Our assumption that nine justices voted in each case applies only to figures that treat each case as a whole, like the chart above, and not to figures that focus on the behavior of individual justices, like our Justice Agreement charts.

^{**} For cases that are decided by a 5-4 vote, we provide information about whether the majority was made up of the most common conservative bloc (Roberts, Thomas, Alito, Gorsuch and Kavanaugh), the most common liberal bloc (Roberts, Ginsburg, Breyer, Sotomayor and Kagan), or a more uncommon alignment. A conservative line-up is marked with a blue square, and all others are marked with a yellow square.

^{***}For per curium opinions, we assume that all justices who do not publicly dissent voted with the majority.

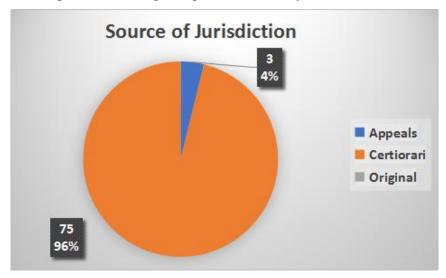
Term Index

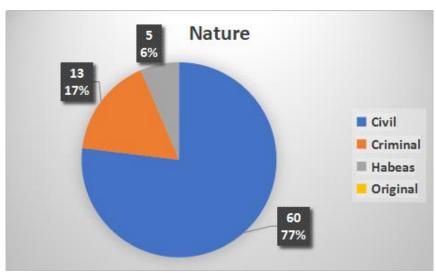
This chart includes a summary of the cases for the term including (1) majority opinion author, (2) vote, (3) days between argument and opinion, (4) judgment, and (5) court below. For each sitting, the chart provides the number of majority opinions written by each justice and the average number of days between argument and opinion for that justice's majority opinions.

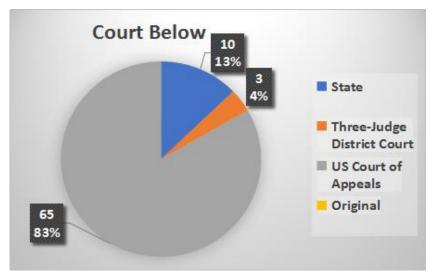
	-						-						Ü						•					•			
	October									November									December								
	Weyerhaeuser					CA5	$_{ m JGR}$	1	57d	Schein	BMK	9-0	71d	R	CA5	JGR	1		Apple						JGR	0	
2	$Mt.\ Lemmon$	RBG	8-0	36d	A	CA9	CT	1	98d	Lamps Plus					CA9	-	1	62d	Nieves					CA9	CT	1	52d
3	Gundy					CA2	RBG	1	36d	Cougar Den					ST	RBG		118d	Nutraceutical	SMS	9-0	91d	R	CA9	RBG	1	79d
4	Madison	$\mathbf{E}\mathbf{K}$	5-3	148d	R	ST	SGB	1	62d	Garza	SMS	6-3	120d	R	ST		0		Murphy						SGB	0	
5	Knick					CA3	SAA	0		Frank					CA9	SAA	0		Timbs	RBG	9-0	84d	R	ST	SAA	0	
6	New Prime	NMG	8-0	104d	A	CA1	SMS	0		Jam	JGR	7-1	119d	R	CADC	SMS	1	120d	Dawson	NMG	9-0	79d	R	ST	SMS	1	91d
7	Stokeling	CT	5-4	98d	A	CA11	EK	1	148d	Sturgeon					CA9	EK	0		Lorenzo					CADC	EK	0	
8	Stitt	SGB	9-0	62d	R	CA6	NMG	1	104d	Va. Uranium					CA4	NMG	0		Biestek					CA6	NMG	1	79d
9	Preap					CA9	BMK	0		Bucklew					CA8	BMK	1	71d	Helsinn	CT	9-0	52d	A	CAFC	BMK	0	
	Air & Liquid					CA3	Tot.	6		BNSF Railway	RBG	7-2	118d	R	CA8	Tot.	5		Gamble					CA11	Tot.	4	
11							Expect	9		Harrison					CA2	Expect	12								Expect	10	
12							Avg.		84d	Culbertson	CT	9-0	62d	R	CA11	Avg.		98d							Avg.		77d
	January									February									March								
1	Merck					CA3	JGR	0		Return Mail					CAFC	JGR			Bethune				USDC		JGR		
2	Obduskey					CA10	CT	0		$Mission\ Prd.$					CA1	CT			Smith				CA6		CT		
3	Herrera					ST	RBG	1	55d	Manhattan					CA2	RBG			Cochise				CA11		RBG		
4	Fourth Est.	RBG	9-0	55d	A	CA11	SGB	0		Haymond					CA10	SGB			Flowers				ST		SGB		
5	Hyatt					ST	SAA	0		Mont					CA6	SAA			PDR				CA4		SAA		
6	Thacker					CA11	SMS	0		Am. Legion					CA4	SMS			Dutra				CA9		SMS		
7	Rimini	BMK	9-0	49d	R	CA9	EK	0		J						EK			Rucho				USDC		EK		
8	$Home\ Dpt.$					CA4	NMG	0								NMG			Benisek				USDC		NMG		
9	Allina					CADC	BMK	1	49d							BMK			Kisor				CAFC		BMK		
	Knick					CA3	Tot.	2								Tot.	0								Tot.	0	
11	Tenn. Wine					CA6	Expect	11								Expect	6								Expect	9	
12							Avg.		52d							Avg.									Avg.		
	April									Summary Reversa	al								Total								
1	Brunetti					CAFC	JGR			Emmons	PC	9-0	n/a	R	CA9				JGR	2			Unsch	eduled		1	
2	Emulex					CA9	CT			Hill	PC	9-0	n/a	R	CA6				CT	3			Gray		CAFC		
3	Parker					CA9	RBG			Moore	PC	6-3	n/a	R	ST				RBG	4							
4	$Kaestner\ Tr.$					ST	SGB			Rizo	PC	9-0	n/a	R	CA9				SGB	1							
5	Davis					CA5	SAA												SAA	0							
	McDonough					CA2	SMS												SMS	2							
	Food Mrkt.					CA8	EK												EK	1							
8	$Fort\ Bend$					CA5	NMG												NMG	2							
9	Commerce					CA2	BMK												BMK	2							
10	Mitchell					ST		0											PC	4							
	Rehaif					CA11	Expect												Cases disposed	25							
	Quarles					CA6	Avg.												Expected	75							
	Taggart					CA9													Percent Decided								
	50																			83d							

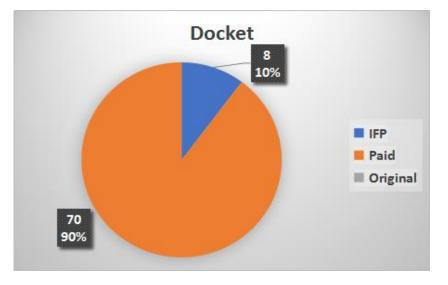
Make-Up of the Merits Docket

The following charts depict different characteristics of the cases that were released with merits opinions. These charts include information about cases disposed of with signed opinions, summary reversals, or affirmances by an equally divided court.







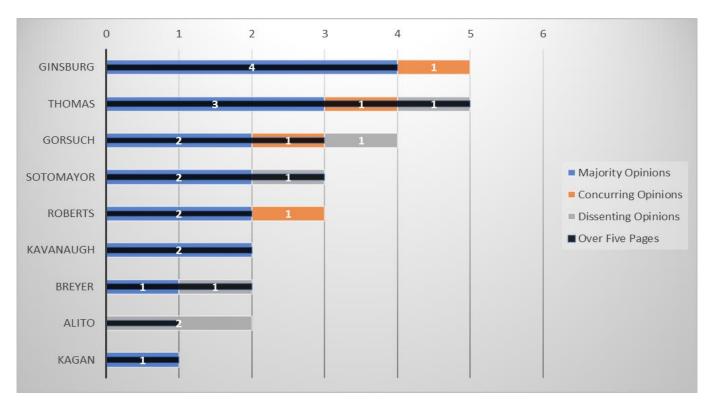


^{*} Technically, all paid and in forma pauperis cases have been on the same docket since 1971, with paid cases beginning each year with case number 1, and IFP cases beginning at number 5001. Original cases remain on a separate docket and follow a separate numbering convention. For more information on the dockets, see EUGENE GRESSMAN ET AL., SUPREME COURT PRACTICE 55–56 (9th ed. 2007).

Total Opinion Authorship

The number of opinions five pages or longer is included in parentheses and represented by a black line in the chart below.

	Total Opinions	Majority Opinions	Concurring Opinions	Dissenting Opinions
Roberts	3 (2)	2(2)	1 (0)	
Thomas	5 (5)	3 (3)	1(1)	1 (1)
Ginsburg	5 (4)	4 (4)	1 (0)	
Breyer	2(2)	1 (1)		1 (1)
Alito	2(1)			2 (1)
Sotomayor	3 (3)	2(2)		1 (1)
Kagan	1 (1)	1 (1)		
Gorsuch	4(3)	2(2)	1 (0)	1 (1)
Kavanaugh	2 (2)	2(2)		
Per Curiam	4 (4)			
	31 (27)	17 (17)	4 (1)	6 (5)



Opinions Authored By Each Justice

		Roberts	Thomas	Ginsburg	Brever	Alito	Sotomayor	Kagan	Gorsuch	Kavanaugh	PC	
Majority	1	Weyerhaeuser	Stokeling Culbertson	Mt. Lemmon Timbs	Stitt		Garza	Madison	New Prime	Schein Rimini	$Emmons \ Hill$	
Opinions	2	Jam	Culbertson	Timbs			Nutraceutical		Dawson	Rimini	Hill	
Opinions	3		Helsinn	BNSF Railway							Moore	
	4			BNSF Railway Fourth Est.							Rizo	
	5											
	6											
	7											
	8											
	9											21
	10											
	11											
	12											
	13											
	14											
	15											
a ,	1	Moore	Timbs	New Prime					Timbs			
Concurring	2											
Opinions	3											
	4											
	5											
	6											
	7											
	8											
	9											4
	10											
	11											
	12											
	13											
	14											
	15											
D:	1		Garza		Jam	Madison	Stokeling		BNSF Railway			
Dissenting	2					Moore	Ŭ		·			
Opinions	3											
	4											
	5											
	6											
	7											
	8											6
	9											
	10											
	11											
	12											
	13											
	14											
	15											
Total		3	5	5	2	2	3	1	4	2	4	31

Frequency in the Majority

The following charts measure how frequently each justice has voted with the majority during October Term 2018. The charts include summary reversals but do not include cases that were dismissed.

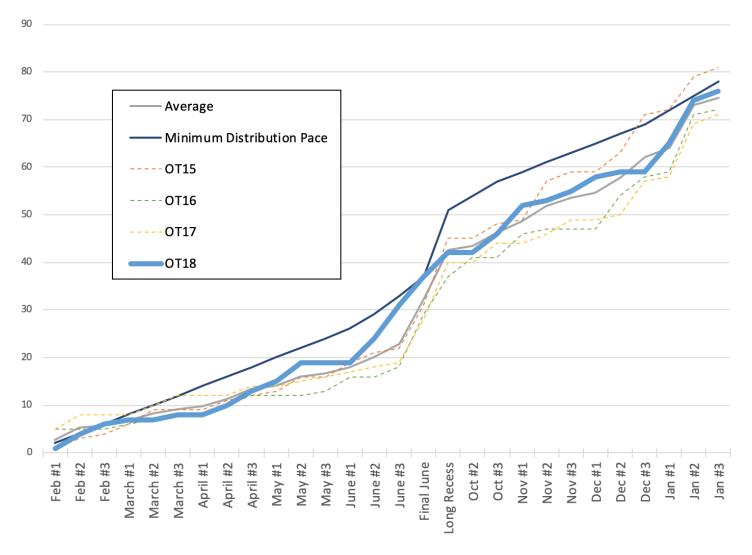
					All Cases					
Justice	Votes	Frequency	in Majority	OT17	OT16	OT15	OT14	OT13	OT12	OT11
Roberts	21	20	95%	93%	93%	92%	80%	92%	86%	92%
Thomas	21	17	81%	81%	82%	72%	61%	88%	79%	86%
Ginsburg	21	20	95%	73%	85%	88%	86%	85%	79%	70%
Breyer	21	20	95%	73%	90%	94%	92%	88%	83%	76%
Alito	21	18	86%	79%	86%	84%	72%	88%	79%	83%
Sotomayor	21	20	95%	68%	90%	83%	89%	82%	79%	80%
Kagan	21	20	95%	74%	93%	95%	85%	92%	81%	82%
Gorsuch	21	17	81%	85%	82%	-	-	-	-	-
Kavanaugh	16	16	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
					Divided Cases					
Justice	Votes	Frequency	in Majority	OT17	OT16	OT15	OT14	OT13	OT12	OT11
Roberts	6	5	86%	89%	83%	84%	66%	76%	73%	86%
Thomas	6	2	33%	69%	57%	49%	34%	64%	60%	74%
Ginsburg	6	5	86%	56%	63%	78%	77%	56%	60%	45%
Breyer	6	5	86%	56%	77%	89%	86%	64%	67%	57%
Alito	6	3	50%	67%	67%	70%	52%	63%	59%	69%
Sotomayor	6	5	86%	49%	76%	68%	82%	46%	59%	64%
Kagan	6	5	86%	59%	83%	91%	75%	75%	63%	67%
Gorsuch	6	2	33%	75%	63%	-	-	-	-	-
Kavanaugh	4	4	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Justice Agreement

	Thomas	Ginsburg	Breyer	Alito	Sotomayor	Kagan	Gorsuch	Kavanaugh	Total
	15 71%	19 90%	18 86%	17 81%	20 95%	20 95%	15 71%	14 88%	
Roberts	15 71%	21 100%	19 90%	17 81%	21 100%	21 100%	16 76%	15 94%	
	16 76%	21 100%	19 90%	17 81%	21 100%	21 100%	16 76%	15 94%	21
	5 24%	0 0%	2 10%	4 19%	0 0%	0 0%	5 24%	1 6%	
		14 67%	15 71%	18 86%	15 71%	15 71%	20 95%	12 75%	
	Thomas	15 71%	15 71%	19 90%	15 71%	15 71%	20 95%	12 75%	
		16 76%	16 76%	20 95%	16 76%	16 76%	21 100%	13 81%	21
		5 24%	5 24%	1 5%	5 24%	5 24%	0 0%	3 19%	
			18 86%	16 76%	20 95%	20 95%	14 67%	15 94%	
		Ginsburg	19 90%	17 81%	21 100%	21 100%	16 76%	15 94%	
			19 90%	17 81%	21 100%	21 100%	16 76%	15 94%	21
			2 10%	4 19%	0 0%	0 0%	5 24%	1 6%	
				17 81%	19 90%	19 90%	15 71%	15 100%	
			Breyer	17 81%	19 90%	19 90%	16 76%	16 100%	
				17 81%	19 90%	19 90%	16 76%	16 100%	21
				4 19%	2 10%	2 10%	5 24%	0 0%	
					17 81%	17 81%	18 86%	14 88%	
				Alito	17 81%	17 81%	20 95%	14 88%	
					17 81%	17 81%	20 95%	14 88%	21
					4 19%	4 19%	1 5%	2 12%	
						21 100%	15 71%	15 94%	
	Key				Sotomayor	21 100%	16 76%	15 94%	
	Fully Agree					21 100%	16 76%	15 94%	21
	Agree in Full or Pa					0 0%	5 24%	1 6%	
	Full, Part, or Judg	•					15 71%	15 94%	
I	<mark>Disagree in Judgm</mark>	ent				Kagan	16 76%	15 94%	
							16 76%	15 94%	21
							5 24%	1 6%	
								12 75%	
							Gorsuch	13 81%	
								13 81%	21
								3 19%	

Pace of Grants

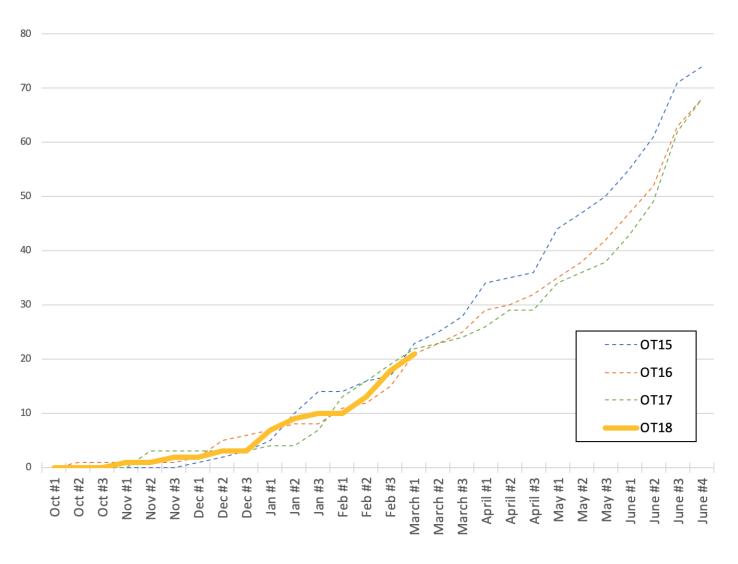
The following chart plots the pace at which the court fills its merits docket for a given term. Each date marker represents the conference within a given sitting. For instance, Feb #3 is the third February conference, which, during OT18, took place on March 1, 2019. Categorizing grants by their conference within a given sitting ensures more accurate cross-term comparisons.



^{*} The Minimum Distribution Pace presented in this chart reflects the number of petitions that must be granted to fill the court's docket for oral argument while giving the litigants in each case a complete or near-complete briefing schedule. The pace also reflects the number of petitions raised at each conference and other factors affecting the certiorari process.

Pace of Opinions

The following chart plots the pace at which the court releases merits opinions throughout the term, beginning in October and ending in June. This chart includes both opinions released after full briefing and summary reversals. Here, as in the Pace of Grants chart, cases are categorized by their release within a given sitting, rather than by calendar month. For example, the opinions for Feb #3 of OT18 were actually released on March 4, 2019.



Oral Argument - Advocates

Advocates Who Have Argued Two or More Cases During OT18

	Appe	earances			Suppose Count	U.S. Solicitor	
Name	OT18	All Time	Position	Law School	Supreme Court Clerkship	General Experience	Gender
Edwin S. Kneedler	4	142	Deputy Solicitor General	Virginia	None	Yes	Male
Kannon K. Shanmugam	4	27	Williams & Connolly LLP*	Harvard	Antonin Scalia	Yes	Male
Jeffrey B. Wall	4	20	Principal Deputy Solicitor General	Chicago	Clarence Thomas	Yes	Male
Shay Dvoretzky	3	10	Jones Day LLP	Yale	Antonin Scalia	No	Male
Jeffrey L. Fisher	3	38	Stanford Supreme Court Clinic	Michigan	John Paul Stevens	No	Male
David C. Frederick	3	53	Kellogg, Hansen, Todd, Figel & Frederick PLLC	Texas	Byron White	Yes	Male
Malcolm L. Stewart	3	82	Deputy Solicitor General	Yale	Harry Blackmun	Yes	Male
Lisa S. Blatt	2	37	Arnold & Porter Kaye Scholer LLP*	Texas	None	Yes	Female
Allon Kedem	2	10	Assistant to the Solicitor General	Yale	Elena Kagan	Yes	Male
Ann O'Connell Adams	2	21	Assistant to the Solicitor General*	George Washington	William Rehnquist	Yes	Female
Andrew J. Pincus	2	29	Mayer Brown LLP	Columbia	None	Yes	Male
Anthony A. Yang	2	28	Assistant to the Solicitor General	Yale	None	Yes	Male
Daniel L. Geyser	2	6	Geyser PC	Harvard	None	No	Male
Erica L. Ross	2	3	Assistant to the Solicitor General	Stanford	Elena Kagan	Yes	Female
Jonathan C. Bond	2	3	Assistant to the Solicitor General	George Washington	Antonin Scalia	Yes	Male
Jonathan Ellis	2	3	Assistant to the Solicitor General	Pennsylvania	John G. Roberts	Yes	Male
Zachary D. Tripp	2	10	Assistant to the Solicitor General	Columbia	Ruth Bader Ginsburg	Yes	Male
Eric J. Feigin	2	20	Assistant to the Solicitor General	Stanford	Stephen Breyer	Yes	Male
Total: 18							

^{*}Since their last oral arguments so far this term, Kannon Shanmugam has moved to Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison LLP, Lisa Blatt to Williams & Connolly LLP, and Ann O'Connell Adams to the Appellate Section of the Criminal Division of the U.S. Department of Justice.